

National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03—Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2021

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National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03— Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2021

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Common name:	Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally
Short name:	PI 03—Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2021
METEOR identifier:	747727
Registration status:	Health! , Standard 17/12/2021
Description:	Among all females who had their first baby (a) the proportion who received an episiotomy during a non-instrumental vaginal birth, and (b) the proportion who received an episiotomy during an instrumental vaginal birth.
Rationale:	This indicator is used to benchmark practice.
Indicator set:	National Core Maternity Indicators, 2021 Health! , Standard 17/12/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	<p>(a) The number of females having their first baby who had an episiotomy during a non-instrumental vaginal birth, divided by the number of females having their first baby who had a non-instrumental vaginal birth, and multiplied by 100.</p> <p>(b) The number of females having their first baby who had an episiotomy during an instrumental vaginal birth, divided by the number of females having their first baby who had an instrumental vaginal birth, and multiplied by 100.</p> <p>A birth is defined as the complete expulsion or extraction from a female, of a product of conception of 20 or more completed weeks of gestation or of 400 grams or more birthweight.</p> <p>Included are those females who gave birth for the first time and had a vaginal birth, with or without instruments. Females who had a multiple birth are included if this was the first time they had given birth.</p> <p>Excluded are those females who did not give birth for the first time or gave birth by caesarean section.</p> <p>Instrumental vaginal birth means that the baby was delivered with the use of forceps or vacuum extraction.</p>					
Computation:	$100 \times (\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator})$					
Numerator:	<p>(a) The number of females having their first baby who had an episiotomy during a non-instrumental vaginal birth.</p> <p>(b) The number of females having their first baby who had an episiotomy during an instrumental vaginal birth.</p>					
Numerator data elements:	<table border="1"><tr><td>Data Element / Data Set</td></tr><tr><td>Female (mother)—postpartum perineal status, code N[N]</td></tr><tr><td>Data Source</td></tr><tr><td>Perinatal National Minimum Data Set (NMDS)</td></tr><tr><td>NMDS / DSS</td></tr></table>	Data Element / Data Set	Female (mother)—postpartum perineal status, code N[N]	Data Source	Perinatal National Minimum Data Set (NMDS)	NMDS / DSS
Data Element / Data Set						
Female (mother)—postpartum perineal status, code N[N]						
Data Source						
Perinatal National Minimum Data Set (NMDS)						
NMDS / DSS						

[Perinatal NMDS 2013-14](#)

Guide for use

This data item (code 5 & 6) was used for 2005 to 2013 analysis.

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Birth event—birth method, code N](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Female—postpartum perineal status, code N\[N\]](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

This data item (code 5) was used for 2014 onwards analysis.

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Female—parity, total pregnancies N\[N\]](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Denominator:

- (a) The number of females having their first baby who had a non-instrumental vaginal birth
- (b) The number of females having their first baby who had an instrumental vaginal birth.

Denominator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Birth event—birth method, code N](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Female—parity, total pregnancies N\[N\]](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Disaggregation:

- Year of birth
- State or territory of birth
- Mother's age at birth
- Hospital annual number of births
- Hospital sector
- Primary Health Network (from mother's area of usual residence)
- Statistical local area 3 (from mother's area of usual residence)

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

Hospital annual number of births

Data Source

[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection \(NPDC\)](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

Hospital sector

Data Source

[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection \(NPDC\)](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—date of birth, DDMMYYYY](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 \(SA2\) code \(ASGS 2016\) N\(9\)](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Birth event—state/territory of birth, code N](#)

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Comments: Data elements are from the Perinatal National Minimum Data Set (NMDS) or have been provided as voluntary non-standardised items by the states and territories. Records with a permissible value have been included in the denominator.

In 2004-2013 analysis, total number of episiotomy was calculated using the perineal status item in the Perinatal NMDS 2013-14, by combining code 5 (episiotomy) and 6 (combined laceration and episiotomy). However, there is no information on the degree of laceration on code 6. Therefore, there is an undercount in the degree of laceration.

In 2014, there was a revision of the perineal status data items in the Perineal NMDS 2014-2018 from 2014. This meant that the perineal status was split between seven perineal status data items, which captures the perineal status relevant to each delivery. As a result, the episiotomy can be calculated using one data item, *Perineal status: Episiotomy* (code 5). Note that a female can have both an episiotomy and recorded laceration, the new data item has been adjusted to allow this.

Source of definition: Core Maternity Indicator Project, Indicator 4 (WHA 2007).

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage
Data type: Real
Unit of measure: Person
Format: N[NN.N]

Data source attributes

Data sources:

Data Source

[Perinatal National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

Frequency

Annual

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data Source

[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection \(NPDC\)](#)

Frequency

Calendar years ending 31 December each year

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Reference documents: WHA (Women's Healthcare Australasia) 2007. Supporting excellence in maternity care: the core maternity indicators project: findings from the core maternity indicators project. Canberra: WHA.

Relational attributes

**Related metadata
references:**

Supersedes [National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03–Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2020 Health!](#), Superseded 17/12/2021