Indigenous-specific primary health care: Pl06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020



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Indigenous-specific primary health care: Pl06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator

Indicator type: Output measure

Short name: Pl06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an

HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020

METEOR identifier: 739351

Registration status: Indigenous, Standard 14/07/2021

Description: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c

measurement result, recorded within either the previous 6 months or 12

months, was categorised as one of the following:

• less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol)

• greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but

less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol)

greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than

86 mmol/mol) or

• greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

Rationale: Chronic diseases, such as diabetes, are a major cause of morbidity and mortality

> among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. Monitoring glycosylated haemoglobin (HbA1c) levels plays a key role in the management of the disease.

Indicator set: Indigenous-specific primary health care national key performance indicators

December 2020

Indigenous, Standard 14/07/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description: Count of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c

measurement result, recorded within either the previous 6 months or 12 months,

was categorised as one of the following:

• less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol)

• greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol)

greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol) or

greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol)

Presented as a number.

Exclude type 1 diabetes, secondary diabetes, gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM),

previous GDM, impaired fasting glucose, impaired glucose tolerance.

Calculated separately for each HbA1c range, for each time period.

Include only the most recent HbA1c measurement result from each time period.

Computation: Numerator only

Numerator:

Calculation A: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol).

Calculation B: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol).

Calculation C: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation D: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation E: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol).

Calculation F: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol).

Calculation G: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation H: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—diabetes mellitus status, code NN

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

Guide for use

Type 2 diabetes only.

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—glycosylated haemoglobin level, code N

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

Guide for use

Response to this is conditional on responding 'yes' to having had an HbA1c measurement result recorded within either the previous 6 or 12 months.

Data Element / Data Set

Person—Indigenous status, code N

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

Guide for use

Indigenous only.

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

Guide for use

Regular clients only.

Disaggregation:

- 1. Sex:
- a) Male
- b) Female
- 2. Age group:
- a) 0-4 years
- b) 5-14 years
- c) 15-24 years
- d) 25-34 years
- e) 35-44 years
- f) 45-54 years
- g) 55-64 years
- h) 65 years and over.

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—age, total years N[NN]

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—sex, code X

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

Comments: Census date for reporting is 31 December 2020.

Representational attributes

Representation class: Count

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Person

Format: N[N(6)]

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions:

Effective/Appropriate/Efficient

Data source attributes

Data sources:

Data Source

Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

Frequency

6 monthly

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Australian Government Department of Health.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Indigenous primary health care: PI06a-Number of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result was within a specified level, June 2020

Health!, Retired 13/10/2021 Indigenous, Superseded 14/07/2021

See also Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06b-Proportion of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020

Indigenous, Standard 14/07/2021