Number of people who had at least one medication management review, per 100,000 people aged 75 years and over, 2018-19

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Number of people who had at least one medication management review, per 100,000 people aged 75 years and over, 2018-19

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Short name:	Medication management review, 75 years and over, 2018-19
METEOR identifier:	726134
Registration status:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 27/04/2021
Description:	Number of people who had at least one medication management review per 100,000 people aged 75 years and over, age-sex standardised.
Indicator set:	Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2021 Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 27/04/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age	75 years and over
from:	

Computation description: Inclusion codes and description

MBS code	Description
245, 900	Domiciliary medication management review
249, 903	Residential medication management review

For a full description of the MBS codes included for this indicator see the last <u>MBS schedule</u> for 2018-19.

Presented as a number of people with a medication management review per 100,000 people.

Rates are directly age-sex standardised, to the 30 June 2001 Australian population, using 5-year age groups: 75-79, 80-84, 85 and over. For more information about

age-standardisation

in general see the glossary item Age-standardised rate.

A patient's age is calculated in years as the difference between the patient's date of birth and date of service, as recorded in the MBS claim. A patient can be in two age groups if the patient had a medication management review before their birthday, and a medication management review after their birthday. In this example, half a patient is allocated to the two age groups. Date of birth and sex are as recorded on a patient's last processed claim for any service in the processing period. Date of claim processing is between 1 July 2018 and 29 February 2020.

Claim records are allocated to a financial year based on the date the service was provided to the patient.

Analysis by Statistical Area Level 3 (SA3) 2016 is based on the patient's Medicare enrolment postcode at date of service, as recorded in the MBS claim.

Suppress data (number and rate) if at least one of the following conditions are met:

- the total denominator is less than 200
- the total numerator is less than 20
- number of services is less than 6
- number of patients is less than 6
- number of service providers is less than 6
- top service provider contributed more than 85% of services
- top two service providers contributed more than 90% of services.

Age-sex standardised rates are also suppressed where the denominator for at least one of the age-sex groups used to calculate the rate is below 30 and results of sensitivity analysis indicate that the rates are volatile. However, for SA3 data, if the volatility of the rate is not found to have a material impact on its decile, the rate is published with caution. For more information about the sensitivity analysis, see the <u>Technical supplement of the Fourth Atlas</u>.

Consequential suppression may be applied to preserve confidentialised data.

Computation: 100,000 x (Numerator ÷ Denominator)

Numerator:

Number of people who had at least one medication management review, 75 years and over, 2018-19

Numerator data elements:

-Data Element / Data Set—

Person-date of birth, DDMMYYYY

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

NMDS /DSS

Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) data 2018-19 Data source type: Administrative by-product data

- Data Element / Data Set-

Service event—Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) processing date, DDMMYYYY

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

NMDS /DSS Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) data 2018-19 Data source type: Administrative by-product data

- Data Element / Data Set-

Person—sex, code A

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

NMDS /DSS

Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) data 2018-19 Data source type: Administrative by-product data

-Data Element / Data Set-

Service event—date of Medicare service, DDMMYYYY

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

NMDS /DSS

Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) data 2018-19 Data source type: Administrative by-product data

- Data Element / Data Set-

Service event-Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) item identifier, NN[NNN]

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

NMDS /DSS Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) data 2018-19 Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Denominator:

Denominator data elements:

Total population aged 75 years and over, as at 30 June 2018

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-estimated resident population of Australia, total people N[N(7)]

Data Source

ABS Australian Demographic Statistics

Guide for use

Data source type: Census based plus administrative by-product data

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-estimated resident population of Australia, total people N[N(7)]

Data Source

ABS Regional Population by Age and Sex, Australia

Guide for use

Data source type: Census based plus administrative by-product data

Disaggregation:

SA3 2016 by:

Remoteness (ASGS Remoteness structure 2016) Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA 2016) Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage (IRSD 2016)

Primary Health Network (PHN) 2017 by:

• age group (75 years and over, 75-84 years, 85 years and over)

State and territory

Disaggregation data elements:

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-date of birth, DDMMYYYY

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

-Data Element / Data Set-

Service event—date of Medicare service, DDMMYYYY

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

GPO postcodes 2001, 2124, 3001, 4001, 5001, 6843 excluded from the SA3 and PHN level analysis but included in state/territory and national level analysis.

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Used for disaggregation by Statistical Area Level 3.

-Data Element / Data Set-

Address—Australian postcode, code (Postcode datafile) NNNN

Data Source

Medicare (MBS) data

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

-Data Element / Data Set-

Address-statistical area, level 3 (SA3) code (ASGS 2016) NNNNN

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Rate
Data type:	Integer
Unit of measure:	Person
Format:	NN[NNNN]

Data source attributes

Data sources:

ABS Australi	n Demographic Statistics
Frequency	
Quarterly	
Data custodiar	
Australian Bu	eau of Statistics
Data Source	
Medicare (M	S) data
Frequency	
Annually	
Data custodiar	
Department o	Health
Data Source	
Data Source	
ABS Regiona	Population by Age and Sex, Australia
Frequency	
Annually	
Data custodiar	
	eau of Statistics

Accountability attributes

Methodology:	Statistical Area Level 3 (SA3s) are geographic areas defined in the ABS Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS). The aim of SA3s is to create a standard framework for the analysis of ABS data at the regional level through clustering groups of SA2s that have similar regional characteristics. There are 340 spatial SA3s covering the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are designed to provide a regional breakdown of Australia. SA3s generally have a population of between 30,000 and 130,000 people. There are approximately 78 with fewer than 30,000 people and 46 with more than 130,000 as at 30 June, 2016. The Other Territories of Jervis Bay, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, Christmas Island and Norfold Island are each represented by a SA3 in the 2016 ASGS. For further information see the <u>ABS publication</u> , Population by Age and Sex, <u>Regions of Australia</u> , 2016.
Reporting requirements:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care
	Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2021
Organisation responsible for providing data:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
Accountability:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Relational attributes

 Related metadata
 See also <u>ABS Estimated resident population (total population), QS</u>

 references:
 Health!, Standard 08/06/2011