KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: Pl 04 – Average length of acute mental health inpatient stay, 2019 (Service level)



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KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: Pl 04 – Average length of acute mental health inpatient stay, 2019 (Service level)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

Short name: MHS PI 04: Average length of acute mental health inpatient stay, 2019 (Service

level)

METEOR identifier: 712076

Registration status: Health!, Superseded 16/02/2021

Description: The average length of stay of in-scope overnight separations from acute psychiatric

inpatient units managed by the mental health service organisation.

NOTE: This indicator is related to *Average length of acute mental health inpatient stay (Jurisdictional level)*. There are technical differences in the calculation methodologies between the Service level version and the Jurisdictional level version of this indicator due to different available data sources to construct this indicator. Caution should be taken to ensure the correct methodology is followed.

Rationale: Length of stay is a key driver of variation in admitted patient day costs and reflects

differences between mental health service organisations in practice and casemix, or both. The aim of this indicator is to better understand the factors underlying variation (such as costs) as well as providing a basis for utilisation review. For example, it allows for the assessment of services provided to particular consumer

groups against clinical protocols developed for those groups.

Indicator set: Key Performance Indicators for Australian Public Mental Health Services (Service

level version) (2019)

Health!, Superseded 16/02/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description: Coverage/Scope:

All public mental health service organisations acute psychiatric inpatient units.

The following separation and associated patient days are excluded:

· same day separations.

For jurisdictional level reporting the following separation and associated patient days are excluded:

forensic services.

Methodology:

- Length of stay is measured in patient days.
- Length of an overnight patient stay is calculated by subtracting the admission date from the date of separation and deducting total leave days.
- For the purpose of this indicator, when a mental health service organisation has more than one unit of a particular admitted patient care program, those units should be combined.
- The categorisation of the admitted patient unit is based on the principal purpose(s) of the admitted patient care program rather than the classification of individual consumers.

Computation: Numerator ÷ Denominator

Numerator: Number of patient days in the mental health service organisation's acute psychiatric

inpatient unit(s) accounted for by in-scope overnight separations during the

reference period.

Denominator: Number of in-scope overnight separations from the mental health service

organisation's acute psychiatric inpatient unit(s) occurring within the reference

period.

Disaggregation: Service variables: target population, disorder specific services.

Consumer attributes: diagnosis, age, Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA),

remoteness, Indigenous status, involuntary status.

Comments:

• Casemix adjustment is needed to interpret variation between organisations –

to distinguish consumer and provider factors.

· Leave presents special complexities in the mental health area and further

work is required to ensure that it does not distort this indicator.

Representational attributes

Representation class: Mean (average)

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Time (e.g. days, hours)

Format: N[NN].N

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions:

Efficient

Appropriate

Accountability attributes

Benchmark: Levels at which the indicator can be useful for benchmarking:

· service unit

• mental health service organisation

· regional group services

· state/territory.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare on behalf of the National Mental Health

Performance Subcommittee

Reference documents: National Mental Health Performance Subcommittee (NMHPSC) 2013. Key

Performance Indicators for Australian Public Mental Health Services, 3rd edn.

Canberra: NMHPSC.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 04 – Average length of acute mental health inpatient stay, 2018 (Service level)

Health Supercoded 16/02/2021

Health!, Superseded 16/02/2021

Has been superseded by KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 04

– Average length of acute mental health inpatient stay, 2020– (Service level)

Health!, Standard 13/01/2021