# National Healthcare Agreement: PI 05-Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2019

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# National Healthcare Agreement: Pl 05-Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2019

## Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator

**Indicator type:** Progress measure

**Short name:** PI 05–Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2019

METEOR identifier: 698930

**Registration status:** Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

**Description:** Proportion of adults at risk of long-term harm from alcohol.

Indicator set: National Healthcare Agreement (2019)

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

Outcome area: Prevention

Health!, Standard 07/07/2010

## Collection and usage attributes

Population group age

from:

18 years

**Computation description:** Data on persons 'at risk of long-term alcohol-related harm' is based on the 2009

National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guideline 'for healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury' and has been operationalised as: for both males and females, an average of more than 2

standard drinks per day in the last week.

Rates are directly age-standardised to the 2001 Australian population.

Analysis by remoteness and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is based on usual residence of

person.

Presented as a percentage.

95% confidence intervals and relative standard errors are calculated for rates.

**Computation:** 100 × (Numerator ÷ Denominator)

**Numerator:** Number of persons aged 18 and over assessed as having an alcohol consumption

pattern that puts them at risk of long-term alcohol-related harm.

Numerator data elements: - Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Data Element / Data Set

Person—alcohol consumption amount

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Data Element / Data Set-

Person—alcohol consumption frequency

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Data Element / Data Set-

Person—alcohol consumption amount

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Denominator:

Population aged 18 and over.

# Denominator data elements:

#### Data Element / Data Set

Person-age

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### -Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Disaggregation:

State and territory, by:

- sex by age
- Indigenous status
- remoteness (Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Remoteness Structure)
- 2011 SEIFA IRSD quintiles
- · disability status

Nationally, by:

- sex by remoteness (ASGS Remoteness Structure).
- 2011 SEIFA IRSD deciles.
- remoteness (ASGS Remoteness Structure) by 2011 SEIFA IRSD deciles.

Some disaggregation may result in numbers too small for publication.

# Disaggregation data elements:

#### -Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Data Element / Data Set-

Person—area of usual residence

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Used for disaggregation by state/territory, remoteness and SEIFA IRSD

#### Data Element / Data Set-

Person—disability status

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Data Element / Data Set-

Person—Indigenous status

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

#### Data Element / Data Set

Person—area of usual residence

**Data Source** 

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Used for disaggregation by state/territory

#### Comments:

Most recent data available for 2019 National Healthcare Agreement performance reporting: 2014–15 (total population, non-Indigenous: NHS); 2014–15 (Indigenous only: NATSISS).

NO NEW DATA FOR 2019 REPORTING.

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) or National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (NATSIHS) data may be used for analysis, dependent upon which survey is most recent.

Data on persons 'at risk of long-term alcohol-related harm' had previously been defined according to the 2001 NHMRC guidelines: for males, an average of more than 4 standard drinks per day in the last week, and for females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week.

## Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real
Unit of measure: Person

Format: N[NN].N

## Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions:

Health behaviours

#### **Data source attributes**

**Data Source** Data sources:

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Frequency

Every 3 years

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Frequency

Every 6 years

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

# **Accountability attributes**

Reporting requirements: National Healthcare Agreement

Organisation responsible for providing data:

Australian Bureau of Statistics

collection required:

Further data development / Specification: Final, the measure meets the intention of the indicator.

#### Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: NHMRC (National Health and Medical Research Council) 2009. Australian

Guidelines to Reduce Health Risks from Drinking Alcohol. Canberra: NHMRC.

Viewed 15 September 2017, https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/guidelines-

publications/ds10.

NHRMC 2001. Australian Alcohol Guidelines: Health Risks and Benefits (2001).

Canberra: NHMRC. Viewed 15 September 2017, https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/guidelines-publications/ds9.

## Relational attributes

# Related metadata references:

Supersedes National Healthcare Agreement: PI 05–Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2018

Health!, Superseded 19/06/2019

Has been superseded by <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI 05–Levels of risky</u> <u>alcohol consumption, 2020</u>

Health!, Standard 13/03/2020

See also National Healthcare Agreement: PB e–Better health: by 2018, reduce the national smoking rate to 10 per cent of the population and halve the Indigenous smoking rate over the 2009 baseline, 2019

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

See also National Healthcare Agreement: PI 03—Prevalence of overweight and obesity, 2019

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

See also National Healthcare Agreement: PI 04–Rates of current daily smokers, 2019

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

See also National Healthcare Agreement: PI 16—Potentially avoidable deaths, 2019

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

See also National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 04-Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2020

Indigenous, Standard 23/08/2019