Venous thromboembolism prevention clinical care standard indicators: Proportion of patients prescribed appropriate venous thromboembolism prophylaxis

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Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
METEOR identifier:	697323
Registration status:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 11/10/2018
Description:	Proportion of patients prescribed appropriate <u>venous thromboembolism</u> (VTE) prophylaxis.
Indicator set:	<u>Clinical care standard indicators: venous thromboembolism (VTE) prevention</u> <u>Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care</u> , Standard 11/10/2018

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	For the numerator, 'appropriate' means in relation to the patient's VTE and bleeding risks, and in accordance with the locally approved guideline/policy.
	VTE prophylaxis may include medicines, mechanical devices, early mobilisation and/ or patient education. For lower risk patients, prophylaxis may not be required. The requirement for prophylaxis and the type should be documented in the patient's medical record.
	Presented as a percentage.
Computation:	(Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100
Numerator:	The number of patients prescribed VTE prophylaxis appropriate to their VTE and bleeding risks, and in accordance with the locally approved guideline/policy.
Denominator:	The number of patients prescribed VTE prophylaxis.
Comments:	See the Venous thromboembolism prevention clinical care standard (ACSQHC 2018) for key considerations for the safe and effective use of VTE prevention methods.

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Percentage
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Service event
Format:	N[NN]

Accountability attributes

Other issues caveats: Applicable settings: public and private hospitals and day procedure centre.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care
Reference documents:	ACSQHC (Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care) 2018. Venous thromboembolism prevention clinical care standard. Sydney: ACSQHC.