Colonoscopy

Exported from METEOR

(AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website’s material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

# Colonoscopy

|  |
| --- |
| Identifying and definitional attributes |
| Metadata item type: | Glossary Item |
| Synonymous names: | Flexible sigmoidoscopy |
| METEOR identifier: | 697166 |
| Registration status: | [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/2), Standard 11/09/2018 |
| Definition: | An examination of the entire large bowel using a camera on a flexible tube, which is passed through the anus (CCA 2017). |

|  |
| --- |
| Source and reference attributes |
| Submitting organisation: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Reference documents: | CCA (Cancer Council Australia) 2017. Clinical practice guidelines for the prevention, early detection and management of colorectal cancer. Sydney: CCA. Viewed 15 May 2018,                     http://wiki.cancer.org.au/australia/Guidelines:Colorectal\_cancer. |
| Relational attributes |
| Metadata items which use this glossary item: | [Clinical care standard indicators: colonoscopy](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/721274)[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Qualified 19/09/2019[Clinical care standard indicators: colonoscopy](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/697168)[Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/2), Standard 11/09/2018[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Standard 26/03/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 1-Proportion of patients scheduled for a colonoscopy whose bowel preparation was adequate](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/721276) [Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Qualified 19/09/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 1-Proportion of patients scheduled for a colonoscopy whose bowel preparation was adequate](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/691696) [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/2), Standard 11/09/2018[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Standard 26/03/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 2-Proportion of patients undergoing a colonoscopy who have their entire colon examined](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/721278)[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Qualified 19/09/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 2-Proportion of patients undergoing a colonoscopy who have their entire colon examined](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/691703)[Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/2), Standard 11/09/2018[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Standard 26/03/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 3-Proportion of patients who had a colonoscopy that detected one or more adenoma(s)](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/721280)[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Qualified 19/09/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 3-Proportion of patients who had a colonoscopy that detected one or more adenoma(s)](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/691715)[Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/2), Standard 11/09/2018[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Standard 26/03/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 4-Proportion of patients who had a colonoscopy that detected one or more sessile serrated adenoma(s) or sessile serrated polyp(s)](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/721282)[Health!](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/14), Qualified 19/09/2019[Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 4-Proportion of patients who had a colonoscopy that detected one or more sessile serrated adenoma(s) or sessile serrated polyp(s)](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/content/717364)[Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor-uat.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/2), Standard 26/06/2019 |