# Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 2-Proportion of patients undergoing a colonoscopy who have their entire colon examined



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## Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 2-Proportion of patients undergoing a colonoscopy who have their entire colon examined

#### Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

**Short name:** 2-Proportion of patients undergoing a colonoscopy who have their entire colon

examined

METEOR identifier: 691703

Registration status: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 11/09/2018

Health!, Standard 26/03/2019

**Description:** Proportion of patients undergoing a <u>colonoscopy</u> who have their entire colon

examined.

Indicator set: Clinical care standard indicators: colonoscopy

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard

11/09/2018

Health!, Standard 26/03/2019

#### Collection and usage attributes

Population group age

from:

50 years or older

Computation description:

For the numerator, the 'entire colon examined' means that the entire length of the colon has been visualised, including the caecum and/or terminal ileum. For the patient to be counted as having their entire colon examined, photographic documentation of caecal intubation should be obtained. Satisfactory evidence the entire colon has been examined is considered to be:

- a photo of the terminal ileum where villi or lymphoid hyperplasia can be clearly seen, or
- 2. a photo of the terminal ileum where the ileo-cecal valve, either open or en face, can be clearly seen, or
- 3. a photo of the appendiceal orifice where either the caecal strap fold or the ileo-cecal valve can also be clearly seen in the same image, or
- 4. a pathology report of mucosa of the terminal ileum.

The Gastroenterological Society of Australia's website (GESA 2018) provides examples of what is considered sufficient or insufficient as photographic evidence.

This indicator excludes patients with severe colitis, impassable stricture(s), and incomplete colons due to previous resection(s).

Presented as a percentage.

**Computation:** (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

**Numerator:** The number of patients undergoing colonoscopy who had their entire colon

examined.

**Denominator:** The number of patients undergoing colonoscopy.

#### Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Service event

Format: N[NN]

#### Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Reference documents: GESA (Gastroenterological Society of Australia) 2018. Colonoscopy

Recertification Program Image Guidelines. Melbourne: GESA. Viewed 31 May

2018, http://recert.gesa.org.au/imageGuidelines.php.

### Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Has been superseded by <u>Colonoscopy clinical care standard indicators: 2-Proportion of patients undergoing a colonoscopy who have their entire colon</u>

<u>examined</u>

Health!, Qualified 19/09/2019