National Healthcare Agreement: PI 05–Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2018

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National Healthcare Agreement: PI 05–Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2018

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Progress measure
Short name:	PI 05-Levels of risky alcohol consumption, 2017
METEOR identifier:	658525
Registration status:	Health!, Superseded 19/06/2019
Description:	Proportion of adults at risk of long-term harm from alcohol.
Indicator set:	National Healthcare Agreement (2018) Health!, Superseded 16/06/2019
Outcome area:	Prevention <u>Health!</u> , Standard 07/07/2010

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age from:	18 years
Computation description:	Data on persons 'at risk of long-term alcohol-related harm' is based on the 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guideline 'for healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury' and has been operationalised as: for both males and females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week.
	Rates are directly age-standardised to the 2001 Australian population.
	Analysis by remoteness and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is based on usual residence of person.
	Presented as a percentage.
	95% confidence intervals and relative standard errors are calculated for rates.
Computation:	100 × (Numerator ÷ Denominator)
Numerator:	Number of persons aged 18 years or over assessed as having an alcohol consumption pattern that puts them at risk of long-term alcohol-related harm.
Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—age
	Data Source
	ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person—alcohol consumption amount

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person—alcohol consumption frequency

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—age

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

– Data Element / Data Set–

Person-alcohol consumption amount

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Denominator:

Population aged 18 years or over.

Denominator data	Data Element / Data Set
elements:	Person—age
	Data Source
	ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—age
	Data Source
	ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey
Disaggregation:	State and territory, by:
	sex by ageIndigenous status
	 remoteness (Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Remoteness
	Structure)2011 SEIFA IRSD quintiles
	disability status
	Nationally, by:
	 sex by remoteness (ASGS Remoteness Structure). 2011 SEIFA IRSD deciles. remoteness (ASGS Remoteness Structure) by 2011 SEIFA IRSD deciles.
	Some disaggregation may result in numbers too small for publication.
Disaggregation data	Data Element / Data Set
elements:	Person—age
	Data Source
	ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—area of usual residence
	Data Source
	ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey

- Data Element / Data Set		
Data Element / Data Oct		
Person—disability status		
Data Source		
ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)		
Guide for use		
Data source type: Survey		

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-Indigenous status

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

– Data Element / Data Set –

Person-area of usual residence

Data Source

ABS 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey Used for disaggregation by state/territory

Comments:

Most recent data available for 2018 National Healthcare Agreement performance reporting: 2014–15 (total population, non-Indigenous: NHS); 2014–15 (Indigenous only: NATSISS).

NO NEW DATA FOR 2018 REPORTING.

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) or National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (NATSIHS) data may be used for analysis, dependent upon which survey is most recent.

Data on persons 'at risk of long-term alcohol-related harm' had previously been defined according to the 2001 NHMRC guidelines: for males, an average of more than 4 standard drinks per day in the last week, and for females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week.

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Percentage
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Person

Data sources:

N[NN].N

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and <u>Health behaviours</u> dimensions:

Data source attributes

Data	Source
ABS	2014-15 National Health Survey (NHS)
Frequ	lency
Every	y 3 years
Data o	custodian
Austr	alian Bureau of Statistics
Data	Source
	2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey SISS)
Frequ	iency
Every	y 6 years
Data o	custodian
Austr	alian Bureau of Statistics

Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements:	National Healthcare Agreement
Organisation responsible for providing data:	Australian Bureau of Statistics
Further data development / collection required:	Specification: Final, the measure meets the intention of the indicator.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents:	NHMRC (National Health and Medical Research Council) 2009. Australian Guidelines to Reduce Health Risks from Drinking Alcohol. Canberra: NHMRC. Viewed 15 September 2017, <u>https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/guidelines-</u> <u>publications/ds10</u> .
	NHRMC 2001. Australian Alcohol Guidelines: Health Risks and Benefits (2001). Canberra: NHMRC. Viewed 15 September 2017, <u>https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/guidelines-publications/ds9</u> .

Relational attributes

Supersedes <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI05–Levels of risky alcohol</u> consumption, 2017

Health!, Superseded 30/01/2018

Has been superseded by <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI05–Levels of risky</u> alcohol consumption, 2019

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2020

See also National Healthcare Agreement: PB e–Better health: by 2018, reduce the national smoking rate to 10 per cent of the population and halve the Indigenous smoking rate over the 2009 baseline, 2018 Health!, Superseded 19/06/2019

See also <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI03–Prevalence of overweight and</u> obesity, 2018

Health!, Superseded 19/06/2019

See also <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI04–Rates of current daily smokers,</u> 2018

Health!, Superseded 19/06/2019

See also <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI 16–Potentially avoidable deaths</u>, <u>2018</u>

Health!, Superseded 19/06/2019

See also <u>National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 04-Levels of risky alcohol</u> consumption, 2019

Indigenous, Superseded 23/08/2019