

Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation: Number of laparoscopic cholecystectomy hospitalisations per 100,000 people, 2014-15

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Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation: Number of laparoscopic cholecystectomy hospitalisations per 100,000 people, 2014-15

Identifying and definitional attributes

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | Laparoscopic cholecystectomy hospitalisations, 2014-15 |
| METEOR identifier: | 640134 |
| Registration status: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 07/06/2017 |
| Description: | Number of laparoscopic cholecystectomy hospitalisations per 100,000 people, age and sex standardised. Data are disaggregated by the area in which the person lives. |
| Indicator set: | Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2017 Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 07/06/2017 |

Collection and usage attributes

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Population group age from: | All ages |
| Computation description: | Inclusion codes, description and additional requirements for laparoscopic cholecystectomies |

| ACHI 8th edition code | Description | Additional requirements |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| 30445-00 [965] | Laparoscopic cholecystectomy | Include records with at least one of the listed procedures. A record with more than one of the listed procedures is only counted once. |
| 30448-00 [965] | Laparoscopic cholecystectomy with exploration of common bile duct via cystic duct | |
| 30449-00 [965] | Laparoscopic cholecystectomy with exploration of common bile duct via laparoscopic choledochotomy | |

Exclusion codes for all analysis

| Care type | Description |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 7.3 | Newborn—unqualified days only |
| 9.0 | Organ procurement—posthumous |
| 10.0 | Hospital boarder |

Presented as a number per 100,000 people

Rates for all Australians are directly age- and sex- standardised, to the 2001 Australian population, using 5-year age groups: 0-4, 5-9, ... , 80-84, 85 and over.

Indigenous and other Australian rates are directly age and sex standardised, to the 2001 Australian population, using 5-year age groups: 0-4, 5-9, ... , 60-64, 65 and over.

For more information about age-standardisation in general see </content/index.phtml/itemId/327276>

Analysis by Statistical Area Level 3 (SA3) is based on Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2) of usual residence of the patient.

Suppress data (number or rate) if at least one of the following conditions are met:

- the total denominator is less than 1,000
- the total numerator is less than 20

Age and sex standardised rates are suppressed where the denominator for at least one of the age and sex groups used to calculate the rate is below 30.

Inclusion codes, description and additional requirements for opencholecystectomies

| ACHI 8th edition code | Description | Additional requirements |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| 30443-00 [965] | Cholecystectomy | Include records with at least one of the listed procedures. A record with more than one of the listed procedures is only counted once. |
| 30454-01 [965] | Cholecystectomy with choledochotomy | |
| 30455-00 [965] | Cholecystectomy with choledochotomy and biliary intestinal anastomosis | |
| | | |

Inclusion codes, description and additional requirements for cholangiogram

| ACHI 8th edition code | Description | Additional requirements |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 30439-00 [957] | Intraoperative cholangiography | |

Computation:

$100,000 \times (\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator})$

Numerator:

Number of laparoscopic cholecystectomy hospitalisations

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Hospital service—care type, code N\[N\].N](#)

Data Source

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Admitted patient care NMDS 2014-15](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—date of birth, DDMMYYYY](#)

Data Source

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Admitted patient care NMDS 2014-15](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Data Element / Data Set

[Episode of admitted patient care—procedure, code \(ACHI 8th edn\) NNNNN-NN](#)

Data Source

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Admitted patient care NMDS 2014-15](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Denominator:

Total population as at 30 June, 2014.

Denominator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

Person—estimated resident population of Australia

Data Source

[ABS Indigenous experimental estimates and projections \(2001 Census-based\)](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Census based plus administrative by-product data.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—estimated resident population of Australia, total people N\[N\(7\)\]](#)

Data Source

[ABS Estimated resident population \(total population\)](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Census based plus administrative by-product data.

Disaggregation:

Laparoscopic cholecystectomies by:

SA3 by:

- Remoteness (ASGC Remoteness structure) and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage (IRSD)
- Urgency of admission (excluding acute pancreatitis (K85: any diagnosis))
- Urgency of admission (including acute pancreatitis)

State and territory by:

- Patient funding status
- Urgency of admission (excluding acute pancreatitis (K85: any diagnosis))
- Urgency of admission (including acute pancreatitis)

Open cholecystectomies by:

- Open cholecystectomies by state and territory, and patient funding status
- Laparoscopic cholecystectomies with cholangiogram (as proportion) by:
 - SA3
 - State/territory
 - State/territory and patient funding status

Open cholecystectomies with cholangiogram (as proportion)by:

- State/territory

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 \(SA2\) code \(ASGS 2011\) N\(9\)](#)

Data Source

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

Guide for use

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

Representational attributes

Representation class: Rate
Data type: Integer
Unit of measure: Episode
Format: N[NNNN]

Data source attributes

Data sources:

Data Source

[ABS Indigenous experimental estimates and projections \(2001 Census-based\)](#)

Frequency

Periodic

Data quality statement

[ABS Indigenous experimental estimates and projections, QS](#)

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Data Source

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

Frequency

Annual

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data Source

[ABS Estimated resident population \(total population\)](#)

Frequency

Quarterly

Data quality statement

[ABS Estimated resident population \(total population\), QS](#)

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Accountability attributes

Methodology: Statistical Area Level 3 (SA3s) are geographic areas defined in the ABS Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS). The aim of SA3s is to create a standard framework for the analysis of ABS data at the regional level through clustering groups of SA2s that have similar regional characteristics. There are 333 spatial SA3s covering the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are designed to provide a regional breakdown of Australia. SA3s generally have a population of between 30,000 and 130,000 people. There are approximately 50 with fewer than 30,000 people and 35 with more than 130,000 as at 30 June 2011. For further information see the ABS publication, Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 1 – Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas, July 2011 (cat. no. 1270.0.55.001).

The scope of the NHMD is episodes of care for admitted patients in all public and private acute and psychiatric hospitals, free-standing day hospital facilities and alcohol and drug treatment centres in Australia. Hospitals operated by the Australian Defence Force, corrections authorities and in Australia's off-shore territories are not in scope, but some are included.

Private hospitals include private free-standing day hospital facilities and other private hospitals (which also include private psychiatric hospitals).

Reporting requirements: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation

Organisation responsible for providing data: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Accountability: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Release date: 07/06/2017

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care