Female—cervical screening indicator, prisoner health yes/no/unknown code N
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Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: Cervical screening indicator

Synonymous names: Pap smear indicator

METEOR identifier: 631726

Registration status: Health!, Standard 28/04/2016

Definition: An indicator of whether a female person has had a cervical screening, as

represented by a code.

 Data Element Concept:
 Female—cervical screening indicator

 Value Domain:
 Prisoner health yes/no/unknown code N

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Value Meaning

Permissible values: 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Unknown

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: For use in Prisoner health data collections. If this value domain is used with other

metadata then 'Unknown' would map to code 8.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

Currently, the screening test for cervical cancer is the Pap test (the terms Pap test and Pap smear are often used interchangeably), which is carried out by a general practitioner, nurse, or gynaecologist. During a Pap test, cells are collected from the surface of the cervix, transferred onto a slide or into a special liquid, and sent to a pathology laboratory for assessment. Details of the woman, the Pap test results, and any follow-up that may be recommended are then stored on a cervical cytology register (AIHW 2009).

Early detection and treatment of cervical cancer leads to a reduction of morbidity and mortality due to the disease. It is recommended that women aged 18-69 years. who have ever had sex, have a cervical screening every two years (DoH 2013).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: AlHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2009. Cervical screening in

Australia 2006–2007. Cancer series no. 47. Cat. no. CAN 43. Canberra: AlHW.

DoH (Australian Government Department of Health) 2013. National Cervical Screening Program: The Pap Smear. Canberra: DoH. Viewed 4 November 2014,

http://www.health.gov.au/internet/screening/publishing.nsf/

Content/papsmear.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Has been superseded by Female—cervical screening indicator, prisoner health

yes/no/unknown code N

Health!, Recorded 31/05/2018

Implementation in Data Set Prison entrants NBEDS

Specifications:

Health!, Standard 28/04/2016

Conditional obligation:

This data element is conditional on the respondent being female.

DSS specific information:

In the Prison entrants NBEDS, this data element refers to females reporting having

had a cervical screen within the last two years.

This data element is included in the Prisoner health NBEDS as the National Prisoner Health Indicators include the indicator: Proportion of female prison entrants who have had a cervical cancer screening in the last two years.