National Healthcare Agreement: PI 15–Effective management of diabetes, 2017

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National Healthcare Agreement: PI 15–Effective management of diabetes, 2017

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Progress measure
Short name:	PI 15–Effective management of diabetes, 2017
METEOR identifier:	630022
Registration status:	Health!, Superseded 30/01/2018
Description:	Proportion of people with known diabetes who have a HbA1c (glycated haemoglobin) level less than or equal to 7.0%
Indicator set:	National Healthcare Agreement (2017) Health!, Superseded 30/01/2018
Outcome area:	Primary and Community Health Health!, Standard 07/07/2010

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	The National Health Measures Survey component of the 2011–12 Australian Health Survey included a fasting plasma glucose test and an HbA1c test. For this indicator, the fasting plasma glucose test is used in the determination of people with known diabetes and the HbA1c test is used in the determination of effective management of diabetes. Persons with known diabetes who have an HbA1c result of less than or equal to 7.0% are considered to be managing their diabetes effectively.
	<i>Known diabetes</i> is defined as persons self-reporting that they had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they have diabetes and:
	 They were taking diabetes medication (either insulin or tablets); or Their blood test result for fasting plasma glucose was greater than or equal to 7.0 mmol/L.
	Excludes persons who did not fast for 8 hours or more prior to their blood test.
	Reported for persons aged between 18 and 69 years.
	Excludes women with gestational diabetes.
	Analysis by remoteness and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is based on usual residence of person (subject to data availability).
	Presented as a percentage.
	95% confidence intervals and relative standard errors calculated for rates.
Computation:	100 x (numerator/denominator)
Numerator:	Number of persons aged between 18 and 69 years with <i>known diabetes</i> , as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test, who have an HbA1c level of less than or equal to 7.0%.
Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Person with known diabetes as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test
	Data Source
	ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

- Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person—HbA1c level

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

- Data Element / Data Set-

Person with known diabetes as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test

Data Source

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

Data Source

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person—HbA1c level

Data Source

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Denominator:

Number of persons aged between 18 and 69 years with *known diabetes*, as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test.

Denominator data elements:

-Data Element / Data Set

Person with known diabetes as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

- Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person with known diabetes as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test

Data Source

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age

Data Source

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Disaggregation:	State and territory, by:
	sexIndigenous status.
	Nationally, by:
	 remoteness (Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Remoteness Structure) 2011 SEIFA IRSD age (18–44, 45–54, 55–64, 65–69).
	Some disaggregation may result in numbers too small for publication.
Disaggregation data	Data Element / Data Set
elements:	Person—age
	Data Source
	ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-Indigenous status

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

– Data Element / Data Set–

Person-sex, code N

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

– Data Element / Data Set–

Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Used for disaggregation by state/territory, remoteness and SEIFA

	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)
	Data Source
	ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Survey
	Used for disaggregation by state/territory
Comments:	Most recent data available for 2017 National Healthcare Agreement performance reporting: 2011–12 (total population, non-Indigenous: AHS); 2012–13 (Indigenous only: AATSIHS).

NO NEW DATA FOR 2017 REPORTING.

Representational attributes

Percentage
Real
Person
N[NN].N

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and	Effectiveness
dimensions:	

Data source attributes

Data sources:	Data Source
	ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)
	Data custodian
	Australian Bureau of Statistics
	Data Source
	ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)
	Data custodian
	Australian Bureau of Statistics

Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements:	National Healthcare Agreement
Organisation responsible for providing data:	Australian Bureau of Statistics

Further data development / Specification: Final, the measure meets the intention of the indicator. **collection required:**

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:	Supersedes <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI 15–Effective management of</u> <u>diabetes, 2016</u> <u>Health!</u> , Superseded 31/01/2017
	Has been superseded by <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PI 15–Effective</u> management of diabetes, 2018 <u>Health!</u> , Superseded 19/06/2019
	See also <u>National Healthcare Agreement: PB c–Better health: reduce the age-</u> adjusted prevalence rate for Type 2 diabetes to 2000 levels (equivalent to a

national prevalence rate (for 25 years and over) of 7.1 per cent) by 2023, 2017 Health!, Superseded 30/01/2018