

Indigenous primary health care: PI19b-Proportion of regular clients with a selected chronic disease who have had a kidney function test with results within specified levels, 2015

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Indigenous primary health care: PI19b-Proportion of regular clients with a selected chronic disease who have had a kidney function test with results within specified levels, 2015

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Short name:	PI19b-Proportion of regular clients with a selected chronic disease who have had a kidney function test with results within specified levels, 2015
METEOR identifier:	594108
Registration status:	Health! , Superseded 05/10/2016 Indigenous , Superseded 20/01/2017

Description:	<p>Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, who are recorded as having Type II diabetes or cardiovascular disease (CVD) and who have had an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of (ml/min/1.73m²):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• greater than or equal to 90;• greater than or equal to 60 but less than 90;• greater than or equal to 45 but less than 60;• greater than or equal to 30 but less than 45;• greater than or equal to 15 but less than 30 or;• less than 15 <p>OR the proportion of regular clients who are male, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, who are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an albumin/creatinine ratio (ACR) recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of (mg/mmol):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• less than 2.5• greater than or equal to 2.5 but less than or equal to 25• greater than 25 <p>OR the proportion of regular clients who are female, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, who are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an albumin/creatinine ratio (ACR) recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of (mg/mmol):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• less than 3.5• greater than or equal to 3.5 but less than or equal to 35• greater than 35
---------------------	---

Rationale:	<p>Indigenous Australians have very high levels of kidney disease due to a range of risk factors and antecedents. Kidney disease contributes substantially to the high burden of ill health experienced by Indigenous Australians. Tests of a person's urine and blood can identify most cases of chronic kidney disease when the disease is in its early stages, enabling treatment to prevent or slow down the progression. Glomerular filtration and albumin/creatinine ratio rate are accepted as the best measures of kidney disease.</p>
-------------------	--

Indicator set:	Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators (2015) Health! , Superseded 05/10/2016 Indigenous , Superseded 20/01/2017
-----------------------	---

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age from: 15 years

Computation description: Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, who are recorded as having Type II diabetes or CVD and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of (ml/min/1.73m²):

- greater than or equal to 90;
- greater than or equal to 60 but less than 90;
- greater than or equal to 45 but less than 60;
- greater than or equal to 30 but less than 45;
- greater than or equal to 15 but less than 30 or;
- less than 15

OR the proportion of regular clients who are male, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, who are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an albumin/creatinine ratio (ACR) recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of (mg/mmol):

- less than 2.5
- greater than or equal to 2.5 but less than or equal to 25
- greater than 25

OR the proportion of regular clients who are female, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, who are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an albumin/creatinine ratio (ACR) recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of (mg/mmol):

- less than 3.5
- greater than or equal to 3.5 but less than or equal to 35
- greater than 35

'Regular client' refers to a client of an OATSIH-funded primary health care service (that is required to report against the Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators) who has an active medical record; that is, a client who has attended the OATSIH-funded primary health care service at least 3 times in 2 years.

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

Numerator: Calculation A: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 90.

Calculation B: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 60 but less than 90.

Calculation C: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 45 but less than 60.

Calculation D: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 30 but less than 45.

Calculation E: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 15 but less than 30.

Calculation F: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of less than 15.

Calculation G: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and

over, are recorded as having CVD and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 90.

Calculation H: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having CVD and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 60 but less than 90.

Calculation I: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having CVD and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 45 but less than 60.

Calculation J: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having CVD and who had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 30 but less than 45.

Calculation K: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having CVD and who had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 15 but less than 30.

Calculation L: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having CVD and who have had an eGFR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of less than 15.

Calculation M: Number of regular clients who are male, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of less than 2.5.

Calculation N: Number of regular clients who are male, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 2.5 but less than or equal to 25.

Calculation O: Number of regular clients who are male, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than 25.

Calculation P: Number of regular clients who are female, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of less than 3.5.

Calculation Q: Number of regular clients who are female, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than or equal to 3.5 but less than or equal to 35.

Calculation R: Number of regular clients who are female, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months with a result of greater than 35.

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—diabetes mellitus status, code NN](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Guide for use

Type II diabetes only.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—sex, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—Indigenous status, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—cardiovascular disease recorded indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—estimated glomerular filtration rate \(eGFR\) result, code N\[A\]](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Guide for use

For the purposes of this indicator, categories 1 (eGFR greater than or equal to 90) and 2 (eGFR greater than or equal to 60 but less than 90) of this data element are to be combined into a single category, i.e. eGFR greater than or equal to 60.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—albumin/creatinine ratio \(ACR\) result, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

Calculation A, B, C, D, E and F: Total number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who had an eGFR result recorded within the previous 12 months.

Calculation G, H, I, J, K and L: Total number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having CVD and who had an eGFR result recorded within the previous 12 months.

Calculation M, N and O: Total number of regular clients who are male, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months.

Calculation P, Q and R: Total number of regular clients who are female, Indigenous, aged 15 years and over, are recorded as having Type II diabetes and who have had an ACR recorded within the previous 12 months.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—diabetes mellitus status, code NN](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Guide for use

Type II diabetes only.

Denominator:

Denominator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—sex, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—Indigenous status, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—estimated glomerular filtration rate \(eGFR\) recorded indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—cardiovascular disease recorded indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—albumin/creatinine ratio \(ACR\) result, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Disaggregation:

1. Sex:

- a) Male
- b) Female

2. Age:

- a) 15-24 years
- b) 25-34 years
- c) 35-44 years
- d) 45-54 years
- e) 55-64 years
- f) 65 years and over

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—sex, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17](#)

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Person

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions: [Effective/Appropriate/Efficient](#)

Data source attributes

Data sources:

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

Frequency

6 monthly

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
Department of Health

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes [Indigenous primary health care: PI19b-Proportion of regular clients with a selected chronic disease who have had an eGFR recorded with results within specified levels, 2014](#)

[HealthI](#), Superseded 13/03/2015

[Indigenous](#), Superseded 13/03/2015

Has been superseded by [Indigenous primary health care: PI19b-Proportion of regular clients with a selected chronic disease who have had a kidney function test with results within specified levels, 2015-2017](#)

[HealthI](#), Superseded 25/01/2018

[Indigenous](#), Superseded 27/02/2018

See also [Indigenous primary health care: PI19a-Number of regular clients with a selected chronic disease who have had a kidney function test with results within specified levels, 2015](#)

[HealthI](#), Superseded 05/10/2016

[Indigenous](#), Superseded 20/01/2017