Establishment—geographic remoteness, admitted patient care remoteness classification (ASGC-RA) N

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY4.0 (CC BY4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Establishment—geographic remoteness, admitted patient care remoteness classification (ASGC-RA) N

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Geographic remoteness—admitted patient care
Synonymous names:	Geographic remoteness of establishment
METEOR identifier:	461473
Registration status:	Health!, Standard 07/12/2011
Definition:	The remoteness of an establishment providing admitted patient care, based on the physical road distance to the nearest urban centre and its population size, as represented by a code.
Data Element Concept:	Establishment—geographic remoteness
Value Domain:	Admitted patient care remoteness classification (ASGC-RA) N

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme:	Australian Standard	Geographical Classification 2010
Representation class:	Code	
Data type:	String	
Format:	Ν	
Maximum character length:	1	
	Value	Meaning
Permissible values:	0	Major cities of Australia
	1	Inner regional Australia
	2	Outer regional Australia
	3	Remote Australia
	4	Very remote Australia
	5	Migratory
Supplementary values:	9	Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	This value domain is intended exclusively for use when collecting data relating to admitted patient care.	
	CODE 0 Major cities of Australia	
	'Major cities of Australia' includes Census Collection Districts (CDs) with an average Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA+) index value of 0 to 0.2.	
	CODE 1 Inner regional Australia	
	'Inner regional Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 0.2 and less than or equal to 2.4.	
	CODE 2 Outer regional Australia	
	'Outer regional Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 2.4 and less than or equal to 5.92.	
	CODE 3 Remote Australia	
	'Remote Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 5.92 and less than or equal to 10.53.	
	CODE 4 Very remote Australia	
	'Very remote Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 10.53.	
	CODE 5 Migratory	
	'Migratory' is composed of off-shore, shipping and migratory CDs.	
Collection methods:	This value domain allows for the allocation of remoteness codes in accordance with those used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) remoteness structure. It is intended exclusively for use in the collection of admitted patient care data, where historically data has been remoteness coded to the value range 0-5. The similarly structured value domain, using the value range 1-6 for remoteness, should be used wherever possible (see the 'Related metadata references' section below). In this value domain, physical distance is defined in terms of ARIA+ codes, rather than a simple linear distance between points.	
	The list of permissible values for this value domain, i.e. codes 0 to 5, is the same as that used by the ABS to describe remoteness areas, i.e. codes 0 to 5, and is directly mappable to the range of codes used (codes 1-6) in the related value domain linked below (see the 'Related metadata references' section).	
Comments:	In its initial form, as developed by GISCA and the then Department of Health and Aged Care in 1999, ARIA scores ranged from 0 to 12 and were based on proximity to 4 points of reference.	
	A new version, ARIA+, was introduced in 2003, with ARIA+ scores now based on proximity to 5 points of reference. Also, changes were made to allow for more accurate estimation of the cost of travelling from Tasmania to the mainland, and to increase accuracy for locations at the urban fringe.	

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin:

Information relating to remoteness is available from the Geography portal on the ABS website:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. ABS Geography. Viewed 14 November 2011,

http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/D3310114.nsf/home/Geography

Information relating to the development of the ARIA and ARIA+ scores by the National Centre for Social Applications of Geographic Information Systems (GISCA) is available from the GISCA website:

National Centre for Social Applications of Geographic Information Systems 2011. ARIA - Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia. Viewed 14 November 2011, http://gisca.adelaide.edu.au/projects/aria_project.html

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:	Admitted patient care NMDS 2012-13 Health!, Superseded 02/05/2013 Implementation start date: 01/07/2012 Implementation end date: 30/06/2013
	Admitted patient care NMDS 2013-14 Health!, Superseded 11/04/2014 Implementation start date: 01/07/2013 Implementation end date: 30/06/2014