Service delivery outlet—geographic location, code (ASGC 2009) NNNNN

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Service delivery outlet—geographic location, code (ASGC 2009) NNNNN

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Geographical location of service delivery outlet
METEOR identifier:	386787
Registration status:	Health!, Superseded 17/12/2010
Definition:	Geographical location of a site from which a health/community service is delivered, as represented by a code.
Data Element Concept:	Service delivery outlet—geographic location
Value Domain:	Geographical location code (ASGC 2009) NNNNN

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme:	Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2009
Representation class:	Code
Data type:	Number
Format:	NNNN
Maximum character length:	5

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	The geographical location is reported using a five digit numerical code to indicate the Statistical Local Area (SLA) within the reporting state or territory, as defined in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC). It is a composite of State identifier and SLA (first digit = State identifier, next four digits = SLA).	
	The Australian Bureau of Statistics' National Localities Index (NLI) can be used to assign each locality or address in Australia to an SLA. The NLI is a comprehensive list of localities in Australia with their full code (including SLA) from the main structure of the ASGC. For the majority of localities, the locality name (suburb or town, for example) is sufficient to assign an SLA. However, some localities have the same name. For most of these, limited additional information such as the postcode or State can be used with the locality name to assign the SLA.	
	In addition, other localities cross one or more SLA boundaries and are referred to as split localities. For these, the more detailed information of the number and street of the establishment is used with the Streets Sub- index of the NLI to assign the SLA.	
Comments:	To enable the analysis of the accessibility of service provision in relation to demographic and other characteristics of the population of a geographic area.	
Source and reference attributes		
Submitting organisation:	Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs National Minimum Data Set Working Group	

Origin: Metadata 386787

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:	Supersedes <u>Service delivery outlet—geographic location, code (ASGC 2008)</u> <u>NNNNN</u> <u>Health!</u> , Superseded 02/10/2009
	Has been superseded by <u>Service delivery outlet—geographic location, code</u> (ASGC 2010) NNNNN Health!, Superseded 07/12/2011
	Is formed using <u>Establishment—Australian state/territory identifier, code N</u> <u>Health!</u> , Superseded 18/12/2019
Implementation in Data Set Specifications:	Alcohol and other drug treatment services NMDS 2010-11 Health!, Superseded 24/12/2010 Implementation start date: 01/07/2010 Implementation end date: 30/06/2011