Reason for readmission following acute coronary syndrome episode code N[N]

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)		
© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024		
This product, excluding the AlHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have		

made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AlHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Reason for readmission following acute coronary syndrome episode code N[N]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Value Domain

METEOR identifier: 359408

Registration status: Health!, Standard 01/10/2008

Definition: A code set representing the main reason for the <u>admission</u> following a previous

discharge from an acute coronary syndrome episode.

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Code	
Data type:	Number	
Format:	N[N]	
Maximum character length:	2	
	Value	Meaning
Permissible values:	1	ST-segment-elevation myocardial infarction
	2	non-ST-segment-elevation ACS with high-risk features
	3	non-ST-segment-elevation ACS with intermediate-risk features
	4	non-ST-segment-elevation ACS with low-risk features
	5	Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)
	6	Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG)
	7	Heart Failure (without MI)
	8	Arrhythmia (without MI)

Collection and usage attributes

Supplementary values:

Guide for use: CODE 1 ST-segment-elevation myocardial infarction

99

This code is used when the reason for admission is persistent ST elevation of >=1mm in two contiguous limb leads, or ST elevation of >=2mm in two contiguous chest leads, or with new left bundle-branch block (BBB) pattern on the ECG.

Not stated/inadequately described

CODE 2 Non-ST-segment-elevation ACS with high-risk features

This code is used when the reason for admission is clinical features consistent with an acute coronary syndrome with high-risk features which include any of the following:

- repetitive or prolonged (> 10 minutes) ongoing chest pain or discomfort;
- elevated level of at least one cardiac biomarker (troponin or creatine kinase-MB isoenzyme);
- persistent or dynamic ECG changes of ST segment depression >= 0.5mm or new T wave >= 2mm;
- transient ST-segment elevation (>= 0.5 mm) in more than 2 contiguous leads;
- haemodynamic compromise: Blood pressure < 90 mmHg systolic, cool peripheries, diaphoresis, Killip Class > 1, and/or new onset mitral requraitation:
- sustained ventricular tachycardia;

- syncope;
- left ventricular systolic dysfunction (left ventricular ejection fraction < 0.40);
- prior percutaneous coronary intervention within 6 months or prior coronary artery bypass surgery;
- · presence of known diabetes (with typical symptoms of ACS); or
- chronic kidney disease (estimated glomerular filtration rate < 60mL/minute) (with typical symptoms of ACS).

CODE 3 Non-ST-segment-elevation ACS with intermediate-risk features

This code is used when the reason for admission is clinical features consistent with an acute coronary syndrome and any of the following intermediate-risk features AND NOT meeting the criteria for high-risk ACS:

- chest pain or discomfort within the past 48 hours that occurred at rest, or was repetitive or prolonged (but currently resolved);
- age greater than 65yrs;
- known coronary heart disease: prior myocardial infarction with left ventricular ejection fraction >= 0.40, or known coronary lesion more than >50% stenosed;
- no high-risk changes on electrocardiography (see high-risk features);
- two or more of the following risk factors: of known hypertension, family history, active smoking or hyperlipidaemia;
- · presence of known diabetes (with atypical symptoms of ACS);
- chronic kidney disease (estimated glomerular filtration rate < 60mL/minute) (with atypical symptoms of ACS); or
- · prior aspirin use.

CODE 4 Non-ST-segment-elevation ACS with low-risk features

This code is used when the reason for admission is clinical features consistent with an acute coronary syndrome without intermediate or high-risk features of non-ST-segment-elevation ACS. This includes onset of anginal symptoms within the last month, or worsening in severity or frequency of angina, or lowering of anginal threshold.

CODE 5 Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)

This code is used when the reason for admission is for a PCI, where the PCI is not immediately precipitated by a recurrent ischaemic event. If a recurrent ischaemic event precipitates a readmission with an associated PCI undertaken, one of codes 1-4 should be coded.

CODE 6 Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG)

This code is used when the reason for admission is for a CABG, where the CABG is not immediately precipitated by a recurrent ischaemic event. If a recurrent ischaemic event precipitates a readmission with an associated CABG undertaken, one of codes 1-4 should be coded.

CODE 7 Heart failure (without MI)

This code is used when the reason for admission is for the treatment of heart failure, where heart failure is not immediately precipitated by a recurrent ischaemic event. If a recurrent ischaemic event precipitates a readmission, one of codes 1-4 should be coded.

CODE 8 Arrhythmia (without MI)

This code is used when the reason for admission is for the treatment of an arrhythmia, where the arrhythmia is not immediately precipitated by a recurrent ischaemic event. If a recurrent ischaemic event precipitates a readmission, one of codes 1-4 should be coded.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Reason for readmission following acute coronary syndrome episode code N[N]

Health!, Superseded 01/10/2008

Data elements implementing this value domain:

 $\underline{\text{Person--reason for readmission following acute coronary syndrome episode, code}} \\ \underline{\text{N[N]}}$

Health!, Standard 01/10/2008