Female—cervical screening indicator, yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N

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Female—cervical screening indicator, yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Cervical screening indicator
Synonymous names:	Pap smear indicator
METEOR identifier:	358921
Registration status:	<u>Health!</u> , Superseded 25/01/2018 <u>Indigenous</u> , Superseded 27/02/2018
Definition:	An indicator of whether a female person has had a cervical screening, as represented by a code.

Data element concept attributes

Identifying and definitional attributes

Data element concept:	Female—cervical screening indicator
METEOR identifier:	358915
Registration status:	<u>Health!</u> , Standard 25/08/2011 <u>Indigenous</u> , Standard 13/03/2015
Definition:	An indicator of whether a female person has had a cervical screening.
Object class:	Female
Property:	Cervical screening indicator

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Value domain attributes

Identifying and definitional attributes

Value domain:	Yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N
METEOR identifier:	301747
Registration status:	Health!, Standard 21/09/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006 Community Services (retired), Standard 14/02/2006 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012 Disability, Standard 07/10/2014 Indigenous, Standard 13/03/2015 Children and Families, Standard 22/11/2016
Definition:	A code set representing 'yes', 'no' and 'not stated/inadequately described'.

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Code
Data type:	Number

Format:	Ν		
Maximum character length:	n: 1		
	Value	Meaning	
Permissible values:	1	Yes	
	2	No	
Supplementary values:	9	Not stated/inadequately described	

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	CODE 9	Not stated/inadequately described
	This code	is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

Currently, the screening test for cervical cancer is the Pap test (the terms Pap test and Pap smear are often used interchangeably), which is carried out by a general practitioner, nurse, or gynaecologist. During a Pap test, cells are collected from the surface of the cervix, transferred onto a slide or into a special liquid, and sent to a pathology laboratory for assessment. Details of the woman, the Pap test results, and any follow-up that may be recommended are then stored on a cervical cytology register (AIHW 2009).

Early detection and treatment of cervical cancer leads to a reduction of morbidity and mortality due to the disease. It is recommended that women aged 18-69 years, who have ever had sex, have a cervical screening every two years (DoH 2013).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
Reference documents:	AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2009. Cervical screening in Australia 2006–2007. Cancer series no. 47. Cat. no. CAN 43. Canberra: AIHW.
	DoH (Australian Government Department of Health) 2013. National Cervical Screening Program: The Pap Smear. Canberra: DoH. Viewed 4 November 2014, < <u>http://www.health.gov.au/internet/screening/publishing.nsf/Content/papsmear</u> >.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:	Has been superseded by <u>Female—cervical screening indicator, yes/no/not</u> <u>stated/inadequately described code N</u> <u>Health!</u> , Superseded 16/01/2020 <u>Indigenous</u> , Superseded 14/07/2021	
Implementation in Data Set Specifications:	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14 Health!, Superseded 21/11/2013 Indigenous, Superseded 21/11/2013 Implementation start date: 01/07/2012 Implementation end date: 30/06/2014 DSS specific information:	
	In the Indigenous primary health care DSS, this data element will be applied up times to calculate the number of women who have had a cervical screening with the last 2 years, the last 3 years and the last 5 years. This data element will first used to calculate the number of women who answered 'yes' to having had a cervical screening within the last 5 years. From this data, the data element will be used again but will collect data on the number of women who had a cervical screening within the last 3 years. Finally, the data element will be applied again but will	nin ly be ∿ical
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calculate the number of women who had a cervical screening within the last 2 years.

This item is only collected if the respondent is female and aged 20 to 69 years.

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2014-15

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2015 Indigenous, Superseded 13/03/2015 Implementation start date: 01/07/2014 Implementation end date: 30/06/2015 DSS specific information:

In the Indigenous primary health care DSS, this data element will be applied up to 3 times to calculate the number of women who have had a cervical screening within the last 2 years, the last 3 years and the last 5 years. This data element will firstly be used to calculate the number of women who answered 'yes' to having had a cervical screening within the last 5 years. From this data, the data element will be used again but will collect data on the number of women who had a cervical screening within the last 3 years. Finally, the data element will be applied again but will calculate the number of women who had a cervical screening within the last 3 years.

This item is only collected if the respondent is female and aged 20 to 69 years.

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17 Health!, Superseded 25/01/2018 Indigenous, Superseded 27/02/2018 Implementation start date: 01/07/2015 Implementation end date: 30/06/2017 DSS specific information:

In the Indigenous primary health care DSS, this data element will be applied up to 3 times to calculate the number of women who have had a cervical screening within the last 2 years, the last 3 years and the last 5 years. This data element will firstly be used to calculate the number of women who answered 'yes' to having had a cervical screening within the last 5 years. From this data, the data element will be used again but will collect data on the number of women who had a cervical screening within the last 3 years. Finally, the data element will be applied again but will calculate the number of women who had a cervical screening within the last 3 years.

This item is only collected if the respondent is female and aged 20 to 69 years.

Prison entrants DSS

<u>Healthl</u>, Superseded 28/04/2016 **Conditional obligation:**

This data element is conditional on the respondent being female.

DSS specific information:

In the Prison entrants DSS, this data element refers to females reporting having had a cervical screen within the last two years.

This data element is included in the Prisoner Health DSS as the National Prisoner Health Indicators include the indicator: Proportion of female prison entrants who report that they have had a Pap smear in the last two years.

Used as Numerator

Indigenous primary health care: Pl22a-Number of female regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2013

Health!, Superseded 21/11/2013 Indigenous, Superseded 21/11/2013

Indigenous primary health care: Pl22a-Number of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2014

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2015 Indigenous, Superseded 13/03/2015

Indigenous primary health care: PI22a-Number of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2015

Health!, Superseded 05/10/2016 Indigenous, Superseded 20/01/2017

Indigenous primary health care: Pl22a-Number of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2015-2017

Health!, Superseded 25/01/2018 Indigenous, Superseded 27/02/2018

Indigenous primary health care: PI22b-Proportion of female regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2013

Health!, Superseded 21/11/2013 Indigenous, Superseded 21/11/2013

Indigenous primary health care: Pl22b-Proportion of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2014

Health!, Superseded 13/03/2015 Indigenous, Superseded 13/03/2015

Indigenous primary health care: PI22b-Proportion of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2015

Health!, Superseded 05/10/2016 Indigenous, Superseded 20/01/2017

Indigenous primary health care: PI22b-Proportion of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, 2015-2017

Health!, Superseded 25/01/2018 Indigenous, Superseded 27/02/2018