Person—chest pain pattern, code N



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Person—chest pain pattern, code N

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: Chest pain pattern category

METEOR identifier: 284823

Registration status: <u>Health!</u>, Superseded 01/10/2008

Definition: The person's chest pain pattern, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—chest pain pattern

Value Domain: Chest pain code N

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

	Value	Meaning
Permissible values:	1	Atypical chest pain
	2	Stable chest pain pattern
	3	Unstable chest pain pattern: rest &/or prolonged
	4	Unstable chest pain pattern: new & severe
	5	Unstable chest pain pattern: accelerated & severe
	8	No chest pain/discomfort
Supplementary values:	9	Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Chest pain or discomfort of myocardial ischaemic origin is usually described as chest pain, discomfort or pressure, jaw pain, arm pain or other equivalent discomfort suggestive of cardiac ischaemia. Ask the person when the symptoms first occurred or obtain this information from appropriate documentation.

CODE 1 Atypical chest pain

Use this code for pain, pressure, or discomfort in the chest, neck, or arms not clearly exertional or not otherwise consistent with pain or discomfort of myocardial ischaemic origin.

CODE 2 Stable chest pain pattern

Use this code for chest pain without a change in frequency or pattern for the 6 weeks before this presentation or procedure. Chest pain is controlled by rest and/or sublingual/oral/transcutaneous medications.

CODE 3 Unstable chest pain pattern: rest and/or prolonged

Use this code for chest pain that occurred at rest and was prolonged, usually lasting more than 10 minutes

CODE 4 Unstable chest pain pattern: new and severe.

Use this code for new-onset chest pain that could be described as at least Canadian Cardiovascular Society (CCS) classification III severity.

CODE 5 Unstable chest pain pattern: accelerated and severe

Use this code for recent acceleration of chest pain pattern that could be described by an increase in severity of at least 1 CCS class to at least CCS class III.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Acute coronary syndrome data working group

Steward: The National Heart Foundation of Australia and The Cardiac Society of Australia

and New Zealand

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Has been superseded by Person—chest pain pattern, code N

Health!, Standard 01/10/2008

Is re-engineered from Chest pain pattern category, version 1, DE, NHDD,

NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (18.1 KB)

No registration status

Specifications:

Health!, Superseded 01/10/2008

DSS specific information:

The Canadian Cardiovascular Society classes of angina can be used to support categorisation of chest pain patterns. Canadian Cardiovascular Society (CCS) classes of angina (Campeau L. Grading of angina pectoris. Circulation 1976; 54:522.)

- 1. Ordinary physical activity (for example, walking or climbing stairs) does not cause angina; angina occurs with strenuous or rapid or prolonged exertion at work or recreation.
- 2. Slight limitation of ordinary activity (for example, angina occurs walking or stair climbing after meals, in cold, in wind, under emotional stress, or only during the few hours after awakening; walking more than 2 blocks on the level or climbing more than 1 flight of ordinary stairs at a normal pace; and in normal conditions).
- 3. Marked limitation of ordinary activity (for example, angina occurs with walking 1 or 2 blocks on the level or climbing 1 flight of stairs in normal conditions and at a normal pace).
- 4. Inability to perform any physical activity without discomfort; angina syndrome may be present at rest.

Acute coronary syndrome (clinical) DSS Health!, Superseded 07/12/2005

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