| Person—microalbumin level (measured), total micrograms per minute N[NNN].N |
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Person—microalbumin level (measured), total micrograms per minute N[NNN].N

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: Microalbumin level—micrograms per minute (measured)

METEOR identifier: 270336

Registration status: Health!, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A person's microalbumin level measured in microgram per minute (µg/min).

Data Element Concept: Person—microalbumin level

Value Domain: <u>Total micrograms per minute N[NNN].N</u>

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN].N

Maximum character length: 5

Value Meaning

Supplementary values: 9999.9 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Microgram per minute (µg/min)

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Measurement of microalbumin levels should be carried out by laboratories, or

practices, which have been accredited to perform these tests by the National

Association of Testing Authority.

Microalbumin is not detected by reagent strips for urinary proteins, and requires

immunoassay.

As urinary albumin varies with posture and exercise it is important to collect the urine under very standard conditions; short-term (2 hours) during rest, overnight (approximately 8 hours) or an early morning sample. For screening purposes an

early morning urine specimen is adequate.

Test for albuminuria by measuring microalbumin in timed or first morning urine

sample.

The results considered elevated are

• spot urine 30 to 300mg/L; or

timed urine (24 hr collection) 20 to 200 μg/min.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Diabetes Data Working Group

Origin:

National Diabetes Outcomes Quality Review Initiative (NDOQRIN) data dictionary

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Is re-engineered from Microalbumin/protein - measured, version 1, DE, NHDD, NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.5 KB)

No registration status

Is re-engineered from Microalbumin - units, version 1, DE, NHDD, NHIMG, <u>Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf</u> (16.3 KB)

No registration status

See also <u>Laboratory standard—upper limit of normal range for microalbumin, total</u> micrograms per minute N[NN].N

Health!, Standard 01/03/2005

Implementation in Data Set Diabetes (clinical) DSS **Specifications:**

Health!, Superseded 21/09/2005

DSS specific information:

A small amount of protein (albumin) in the urine (microalbuminuria) is an early sign of kidney damage. Microalbuminuria is a strong predictor of macrovascular disease and diabetic nephropathy. Incipient diabetic nephropathy can be detected by urine testing for microalbumin. Incipient diabetic nephropathy is suspected when microalbuminuria is detected in two of three samples collected over a six-month period in patients in whom other causes of an increased urinary album excretion have been excluded.

Diagnosis of microalbuminuria is established if 2 of the 3 measurements are abnormal.

According to the Principles of Care and Guidelines for the Clinical Management of Diabetes Mellitus a test for microalbuminuria is to be performed:

- at diagnosis and then every 12 months for patients with Type 2 diabetes,
- 5 years post diagnosis and then every 12 months for patients with Type 1 diabetes.
- if microalbuminuria is present, perform up to two additional measurements in the next 6 weeks.

Diabetes (clinical) NBPDS

Health!, Standard 21/09/2005

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